The Study on the Book of Jeremiah Week #18: "The Catastrophes at Hand" Sunday, February 23, 2025 (PM Service)

1.		-		nnot be Averted (Jer. 14:7-9)			
				: It is uncertain whether the people were	their		
				eremiah was confessing on their			
				vith God for relief.			
			1. 1	f Jeremiah was speaking for himself, his wo	ords contain a strong		
			8	accusation against God.			
				They were not as concerned about their <u>"</u>	"		
				same word used in other places of this bo			
			•	what they felt was God's indefensible	<u> </u>		
				a. They taunted Him that His honor was	s at stake so He must		
				do something for the sake of his nam	e. (His reputation).		
			3.	believed that Go	d must deliver the		
				people in order to protect His reputation.			
			4.]	Do people still sin but presumptuously claim	the promises of God		
			ł	plessings?			
				a. The issue here appears to be that of _			
	b.	The R	ejection	and Judgement (Jer. 14:10-16)			
		i.	The reje	ction is the rejection of the ple	ea of the		
		ii. Jer. 14:11-12: For the third time God told Jeremiah not to pray for the					
			people.				
			1. I	His refusal to hear prayers of the people was	not due to		
			_	or lack of	<u> </u>		
			2. I	He knew their hearts were hardened and that			
			t	o change, so Jeremiahs' prayers would be fu	ıtile.		
		iii.	The Jud	lgment was on the	_ Prophets.		
				Jer. 14:13: He protested that the			

people's sins should be placed on the false prophets.

2.	Jer. 14:14-16: God	with Jeremiah that the			
	prophets were leading the people astray by their reassuring words.				
3.	God warned that he had not see	God warned that he had not sent the prophets who were			
	confidently insisting that swore	d or famine would not touch the			
	land.				
	a. Those same prophets would perish by				
	and				
c. Jeremiah's	and S				
		or			
	amenting the downfall of Judah.				
	Also, it is uncertain whether he was describing an event that had				
	already taken place or one that				
2. "My virgin daughter- my people" suggests that God is the speaker.					
	ii. Jer. 14:19-21: Jeremiah made a threefold appeal to God for mercy.1. First, for the sake of God's name, that is, His nature, He should not				
		<u>"</u> Zion. (Num. 14:13-19)			
		treat as foolish or to esteem			
	lightly."	treat as rooms or to esteem			
2	J v	d not to			
4.	His glorious throne.	d not to			
		is generally understood to be a			
		or more specifically the temple,			
		to be the abode of God among His			
		to be the abode of God among ris			
2	people.				
3.		to God not to carry out			
	the covenant promises of judge	ment on Israel.			
Conclusion:					
Jeremiah's	of Judah's sin a	and his belief in God as their only			
	serve to appease Go				