## The Study on the Book of Jeremiah Week #12: The Response of the People (Part 1) Sunday, January 12, 2025 (PM Service)

1.	The Resignation (Jer. 8:14-17)							
	a. The Resignation to the Coming							
		i.	<b>Jer. 8:14-16:</b> These verse	es reflect the	and			
			of the people at the approach of the enemy.					
			1. The people seeme	ed to admit their sin, but th	ere was no true			
			repentance.					
			2. Instead, they	(	God of dooming them to			
			perish.					
		ii.	Jer. 8:17: If these poisonous snakes should be understood literally rather					
			than a figure for the		army, there would have			
			been no	such as God l	nad provided in the			
			wilderness. (Num. 21:6-9	9)				
2.	The _	for a Stricken People (Jer. 8:18-9:6)						
	a.	This p	oassage probably earned Jer	remiah his reputation as th	e			
		"	al	ong with (Jer. 14:17), but	God is also			
		fivefold "My people,"						
		a phra	se frequently expressing G	rod's	relationship with			
			(Ex. 5:1)					
	b.	Jer. 8:	:21-22: The	in the NT is no	ot only the place that			
		displa	ys how deeply our	hurt God				
		i.	"I am crushed" is echoe	ed in Ezek. 6:9.				
		ii.	God's	toward sin is usually	emphasized, but His			
	c.	c. "Balm in Gilead" was a metaphor the people would have understood.						
		i.	Its use here is explained i	n the parallel line, "Why	then is there no			
		ii.	There was a remedy for t	he people's wound-	<u> </u>			
			but they had not applied i	it.				

	iii.	There was a physician who would heal their spiritual sickness- the								
				with God's		but they refused				
		to cons	sult him.							
3.	God's Justification (Jer. 9:7-26)									
	a. God's Justification of the Coming									
	i.	Here C	od, rather th	nan the prophet, is	s the	and				
	1. Sometimes when all warnings fail, God submits a life to the									
			crucible of s	suffering.						
	ii. Jer. 9:13-16: The answer to the question in Vs. 12 is that Judah had									
				God's Law	<b>7.</b>					
	1. As a people they had agreed to obey at Mount Sinai.									
		2.	Instead, the	y had a history of	f stubborn rebe	llion against His laws.				
		3.	Their punish	hment would also	be like					
			water (perha	aps a reference to	the trial by or	der, Numbers 5).				
	a. The people of Judah would have to learn the painful lesson									
	that "the wages of sin is death."									
		4.	Their punish	hment would also	include the					
	of the people to distant lands.									
4.	The Lament	over the	e		of Jerusale	em (Jer. 9:17-22)				
	a. When		C	or	cam	e to a community or				
	family	, it was	customary to	call for profession	onal					
	i.	They v	vould	lou	ıdly,	their clothes,				
		and		dust on the	eir heads as an	expression of grief.				
		1.	Their action	ns brought profus	e tears to the ey	yes of the bereaved.				
	ii.	There	is no suggest	tion in these verse	es that the weep	oing and wailing was				
		for the	ir sins.							
		1.	Rather, they	were mourning	because they w	vere going to have to				
				their lan	and the house	es that were in				

b.	Jer. 9:20-21: So widespread would be the	and
	in the land that there would not l	be enough professional
	to respond to the calls of	of all the grieving families.