The Study on the Book of Jeremiah Week #12: The Response of the People (Part 1) Sunday, January 12, 2025 (PM Service)

1.	The	Resign	nation (Jer.	8:1	4-17)	
	1110	ITCOISI	iativii ((0 (1.	0.1	. T - I /)	1

- a. The Resignation to the Coming Invasion
 - i. Jer. 8:14-16: These verses reflect the same and despair of the people at the approach of the enemy.
 - **1.** The people seemed to admit their sin, but there was no true repentance.
 - 2. Instead, they God of dooming them to perish.
 - ii. Jer. 8:17: If these poisonous snakes should be understood literally rather than a figure for the **Salvanian** army, there would have been no **surfidute** such as God had provided in the wilderness. (Num. 21:6-9)

2. The camenting for a Stricken People (Jer. 8:18-9:6)

- a. This passage probably earned Jeremiah his reputation as the "weeping product" along with (Jer. 14:17), but God is also weeping in this passage, as evidence by the fivefold "My people," a phrase frequently expressing God's provident relationship with Israel. (Ex. 5:1)
- **b.** Jer. 8:21-22: The way in the NT is not only the place that displays how deeply our hurt God.
 - i. "I am crushed" is echoed in Ezek. 6:9.
 - ii. God's wrath toward sin is usually emphasized, but His suffering is equally intense.
- **c.** "Balm in Gilead" was a metaphor the people would have understood.
 - i. Its use here is explained in the parallel line, "Why then is there no healing for the wound of my people?"
 - ii. There was a remedy for the people's wound-repentance-but they had not applied it.
 - iii. There was a physician who would heal their spiritual sickness- the prophe with God's Word- but they refused to consult him.
- 3. God's Justification (Jer. 9:7-26)
 - a. God's Justification of the Coming Punishment

- i. Here God, rather than the prophet, is the refiner and tester.
 - 1. Sometimes when all warnings fail, God submits a life to the crucible of suffering.
- ii. Jer. 9:13-16: The answer to the question in Vs. 12 is that Judah had discharge God's Law.
 - 1. As a people they had agreed to obey at Mount Sinai.
 - 2. Instead, they had a history of stubborn rebellion against His laws.
 - 3. Their punishment would also be like **misming** water (perhaps a reference to the trial by order, **Numbers 5**).
 - a. The people of Judah would have to learn the painful lesson that "the wages of sin is death."
 - **4.** Their punishment would also include the weathering of the people to distant lands.
- 4. The Lament over the Destruction of Jerusalem (Jer. 9:17-22)
 - a. When death or calamits came to a community or family, it was customary to call for professional mourners.
 - i. They would will loudly, their clothes, and throw dust on their heads as an expression of grief.
 - 1. Their actions brought profuse tears to the eyes of the bereaved.
 - ii. There is no suggestion in these verses that the weeping and wailing was for their sins.
 - 1. Rather, they were mourning because they were going to have to their land and the houses that were in ruins.
 - b. Jer. 9:20-21: So widespread would be the death and ruin in the land that there would not be enough professional manner to respond to the calls of all the grieving families.