The Book of Ezekiel Lesson 11: The Glory Has Departed- Part 2 "The People Are Doomed" October 18, 2020 Ezekiel 9:1-10:22 Answers

Recap from Session 10:

- The <u>Gentile</u> nations had their temple, priests, religious laws, and sacrifices, but only the nation of <u>Israel</u> had the glory of the <u>True</u> and <u>Living</u> God dwelling in their midst. (Rom. 9:4)
 - o The people are **Identified** by the **Presence** of God.
- 1. The Temple is Defiled (8:1-18)
 - a. The Glory of God was Revealed (Vss. 1-2)
 - b. The **Idolatry** of the People was **Exposed** (Vss. 3-16)
 - c. The <u>Divine Judgement is Announced</u> (Vss. 17-18)
 - i. When people <u>Lose</u> their <u>Fear</u> of God, they do as they please and do not <u>Worry</u> about the <u>Consequences</u>.
 - ii. The Lord had presented the evidence and announced the verdict, and now He declared the sentence: He would Obey His covenant and severely Punish His People for their multiplied Sins.

Session 11

- This is the <u>Heart</u> of Ezekiel's message, and it must have broken his heart to deliver it.
 Read the Book of Lamentations to see how thoroughly the Lord "Dealt in fury" with His people.
 - Jeremiah was an eyewitness of the destruction of Jerusalem, and what Ezekiel predicted, Jeremiah saw <u>Fulfilled</u>.
- 1. The Remnant Spared (9:1-4)
 - a. In his vision, Ezekiel was still in the temple in Jerusalem when he heard the Lord summoned six "Men" (Angels)
 - i. These angels were appointed to execute God's <u>Judgment</u> in the city. But with the six angels was a seventh person bearing equipment of a scribe, clothed in linen as though he were a priest. (Dan. 10:5; Rev. 1:13)
 - ii. These seven angels congregated at the altar of burnt offering, the place where the fire of God's holy judgment consumed the sacrifices.
 - iii. The fire declared the <u>Holiness</u> of God, but the blood sacrifice on the altar declared the **Grace** of God.
 - b. At this point, the "Shekinah" glory that had been on the "Chariot throne," moved from the throne, to the <u>Threshold</u> of the temple, in preparation for leaving the temple. (Ezek. 8:2)
 - i. The Jewish people who had God's glory dwelling among them did not seek to glorify Him by <u>Obeying</u> His will, so He received glory by <u>Punishing</u> their sins.

- **c.** The scribe-angel was commanded to go through the city and mark the people who lamented and grieved because of the sins of the city.
 - No matter how dark the day, God has always had His faithful remnant who obeyed His will and trusted Him for deliverance. (Ezek. 6:11; Ps. 12:5; Isa. 66:2; Jer. 13:17)
 - ii. The Marking of people will also be a feature of the end times. (Rev. 7:3; Rev. 9:4)
 - iii. Believers today are "Marked" by the Spirit of God. (Eph. 1:13-14)

2. The <u>Rebels</u> Judged (9:5-10:7)

- **a.** The other six angels were to follow the scribe-angel and **Kill** everybody on whom he did not put the mark, and **Nobody** was to be spared because of sex and age.
- **b.** The angels see to it that God's plans are fulfilled for the individuals and nations, but they perform their duties **Invisibly**, unseen by the people whose lives they **Affect**.
- c. (Ezek. 9:6) "Begin at my sanctuary"
 - i. This seems like a strange order, but it was the <u>Idolatry</u> in the temple that had roused the anger of the Lord.
 - ii. Often in Scripture you find God sending judgment, not because <u>Unbelievers</u> have sinned, but because His own people have <u>Disobeyed</u> His law.
 - iii. God's people are to be the salt of the earth and the light of the world (Matt. 5:13-16). If there were more <u>Salt</u> in this world, there would be less **Decay**, and more light would mean less **Darkness**.
- **d.** A <u>Corpse</u> was an unclean thing to a Jew, so corpses in the temple would defile the house of God.
 - i. These people had defiled God's house by their wicked lives, and now they would defile it further in their terrible deaths. The idolaters would be as **Dead** as the idols they **Worshipped** (Ps. 115:8)
 - ii. When the prophet Ezekiel saw this scene, he fell on his face to <u>Intercede</u> for the remnant God had promised to protect. This <u>Attitude</u> is the mark of a true shepherd. (Ezek. 4:14; 11:13)
 - **iii.** God informed Ezekiel that the land was defiled by <u>Innocent</u> blood and the city was full of <u>Injustice</u>, and the time had come for the people to reap what they had sown.
- **e.** In <u>Response</u> to Ezekiel's concern and prayer, the Lord revealed His <u>Glory</u> once again.
 - i. The Lord commanded the scribe-angel to enter between the <u>Wheels</u> and take <u>Coals</u> from the fire that was there and to scatter the coals over the city of <u>Jerusalem</u>.
 - ii. This was Not a fire of <u>Purification</u>, such as Isaiah's experience (Isa. 6:5-7) but a fire of <u>Condemnation</u>. (2 Ki. 25:8-9)

3. The Glory Revealed (10:8-22)

- a. Ezekiel described the vision of God's glory that he had seen on the day of his ordination. (Ezek. 10:15; 20-22)
 - i. One new feature is the face that the living creatures were <u>"Full of eyes"</u> even as the wheels were, which suggest God's omniscience (Ezek. 1:18).

- ii. Another feature is the identifying of the wheels as "The whirling wheels." (Vs. 13)
- iii. One problem that this new description presents relates to the description of the **Faces** of the cherubim.
- **b.** God's glory departed from the threshold and stood over the chariot throne, which was on the **Right** side of the house **(Vs. 3)**, as though the Lord were calling His glory **Back** to His throne.
 - i. At the same time, the chariot throne **Arose** and **Stood** at the door of the **East** gate of the temple.
- c. Ezekiel was learning that the most important part of the nations' life was to <u>Magnify</u> the glory of God. The presence of God in the sanctuary was a great <u>Privilege</u> for the people of Israel, but it was also a great <u>Responsibility</u>.
- The glory of God cannot <u>Dwell</u> with the sins of God's people, so it was necessary for the glory to leave the sanctuary and the people to be judged.